FINANCING LANDSCAPE OVERVIEW FOR COVID-19 VACCINES: SEARO REGION

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- Status of COVID-19: health, economic impact, impact on public revenues/expenditures
- Financing for vaccines vs financing for health: importance of public financing of COVID-19 vaccine while protecting spending on routine health services
- Options for financing COVID-19 vaccines



Outline

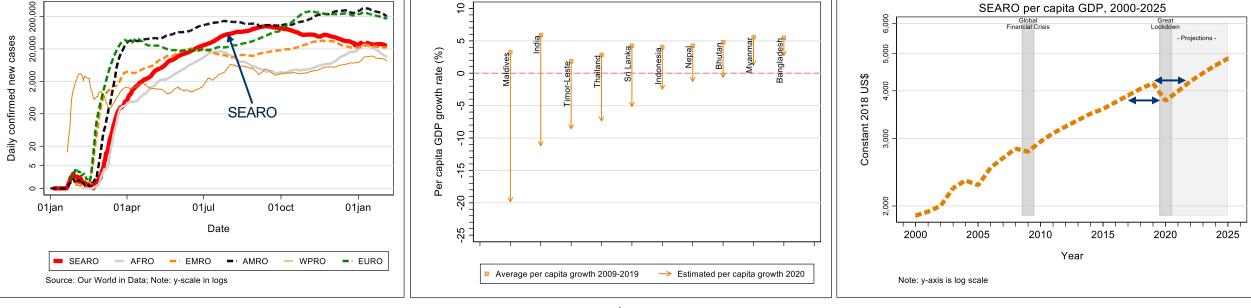
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COVID-19: Not Just Health, But Also Massive Economic Impact



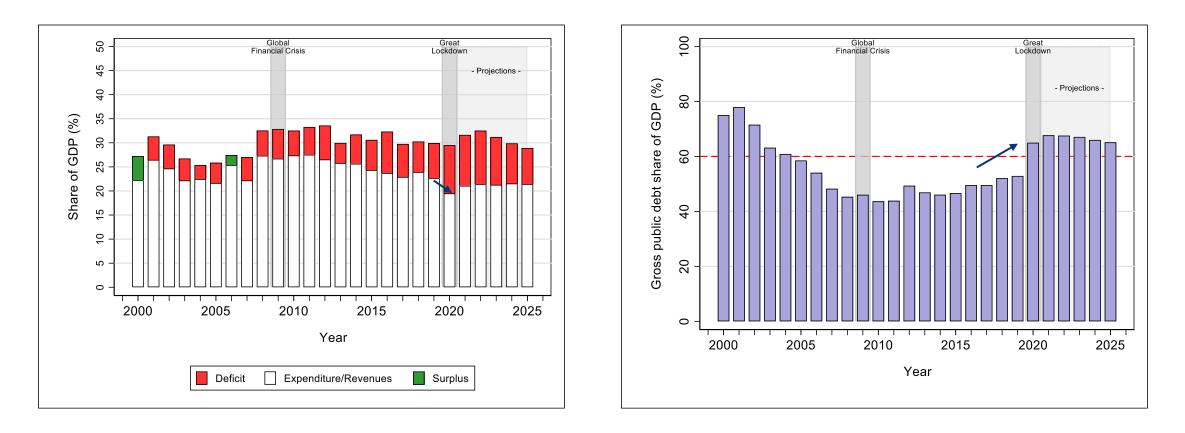
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Huge economic contraction in 2020: from +4.2% over 2009-2019 (fastest growing region) to -5.3% in 2020 due to lockdowns, commodity price declines, decline in tourism and trade, cross-country spillovers; economic cost of COVID-19 ~US\$800 billion in 2020 alone



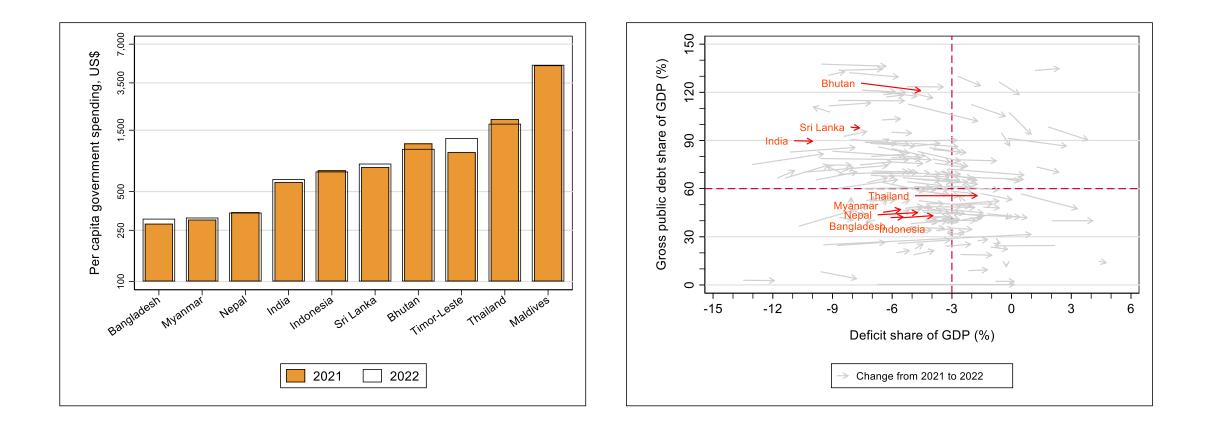
Overall Public Financing Landscape Also Impacted by COVID-19

2019-2020: Revenues \downarrow Expenditures \downarrow Deficits \uparrow Debt \uparrow 2020-2021-2022: Revenues \uparrow Expenditures \uparrow Deficits \leftrightarrow Debt \leftrightarrow



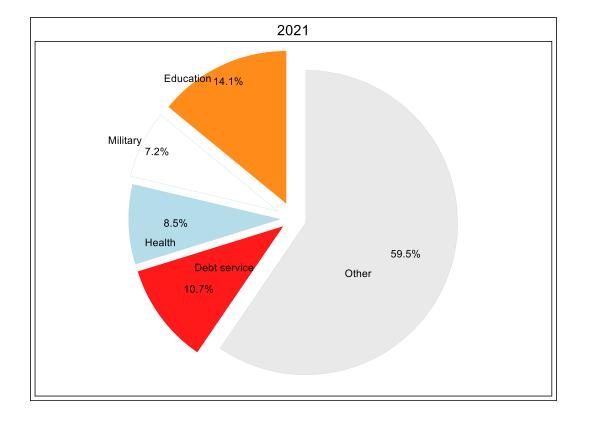


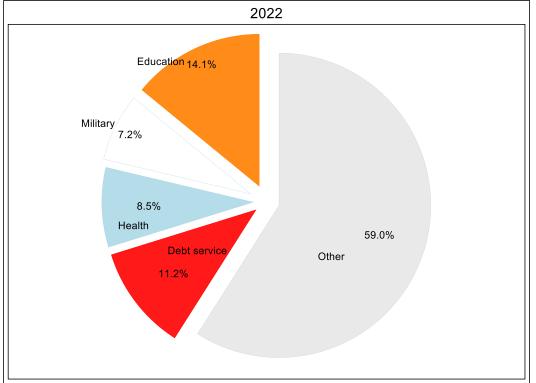
Projected Per Capita Public Spending: 2021-2022



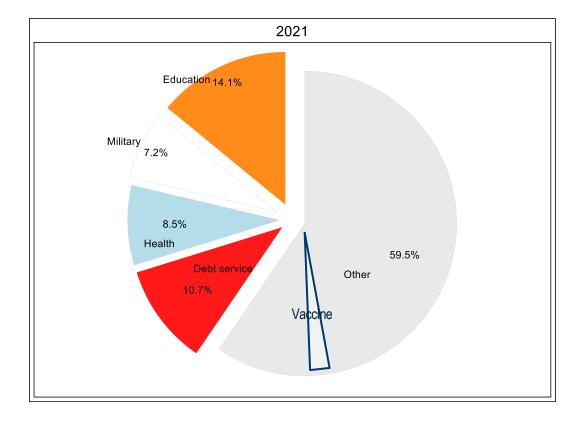


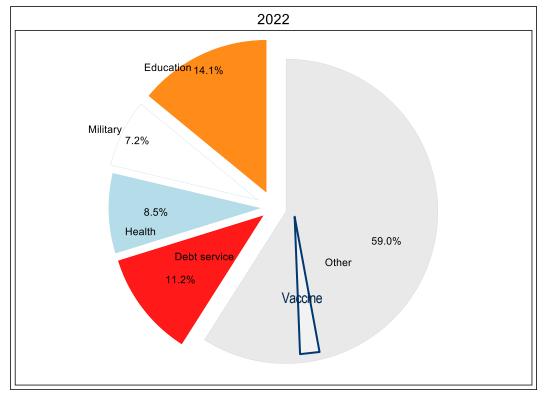
Expenditure Allocations Across Sectors





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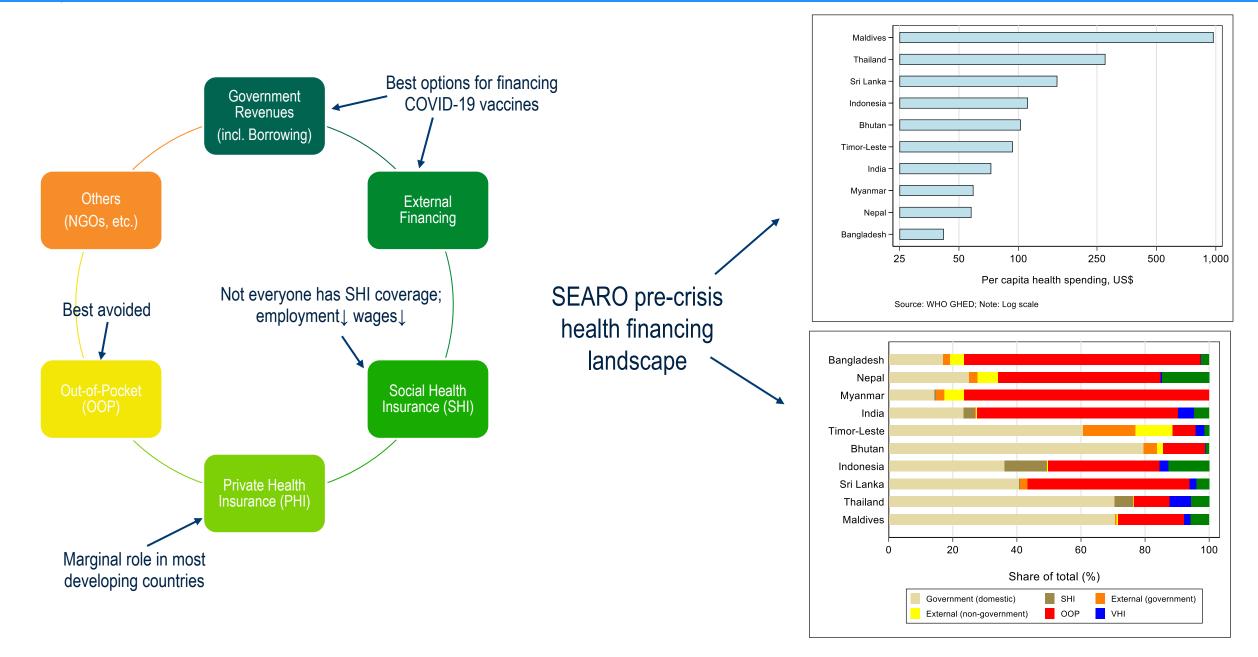
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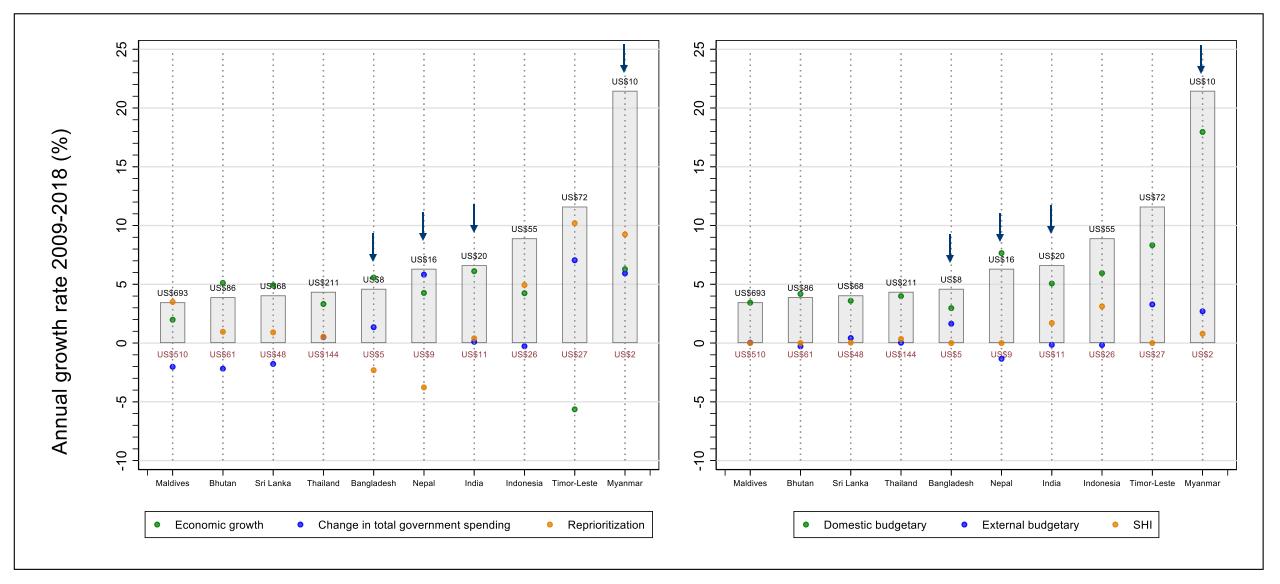
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Vaccine Financing Different from Health Financing



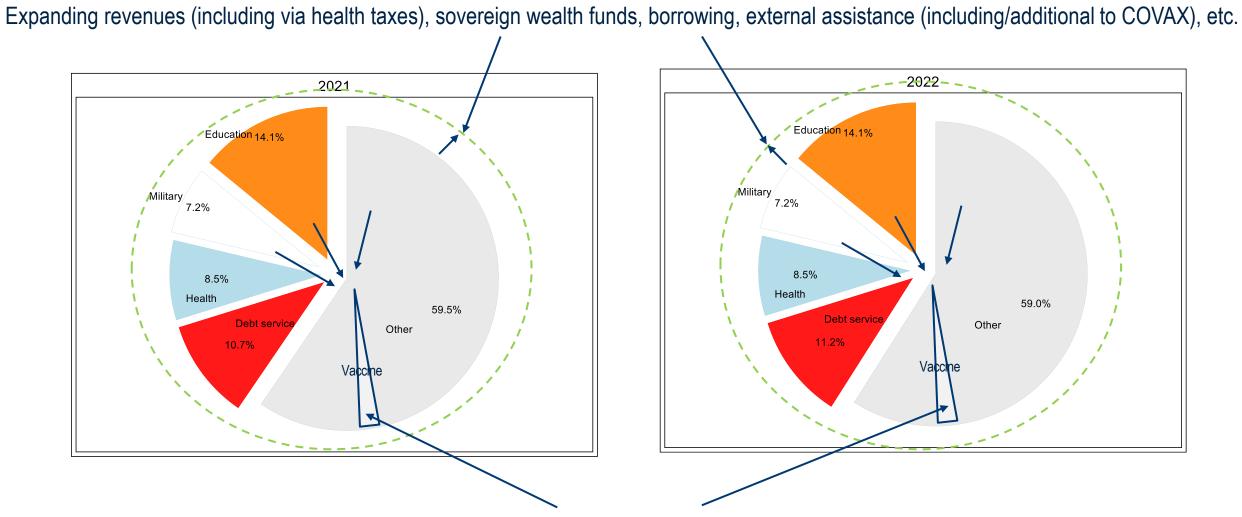


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Where Could Additional Public Resources Come From?



Reprioritization, efficiency gains, cutting pro-rich subsidies, debt restructuring, delaying capital expenditures, etc.

Key Messages

- COVID-19 is not just a health "shock", it is also adversely impacting economies across the region as well as globally.
- COVID-19 vaccine is not just a health intervention, it is also an "economic stimulus" intervention: huge cost-benefit ratios.
- Given "externalities", financing for COVID-19 vaccines should ideally come primarily from government sources to ensure widespread coverage, facilitating attainment of herd immunity.
- Given challenges of public financing for health across SEARO region both pre-crisis as well as due to COVID-19's adverse economic impact -- financing for COVID-19 vaccines should not come at the expense of allocations for routine health services (or even productive spending in other sectors).
- Countries could consider menu of options for financing COVID-19 vaccines: external financing, raising new revenues, additional borrowing, debt restructuring, reprioritization, as well as efficiency gains.

