THE NEW MASTER PLAN OF PLANNING AND URBAN PLANNING

Ambitions and Execution



ALGERIA Key Takeaways from TDD



- 1. how to deal with land fields owners
- 2. an efficient project management
- mastering tools for land readjustment, is very important, both for land and for development studies

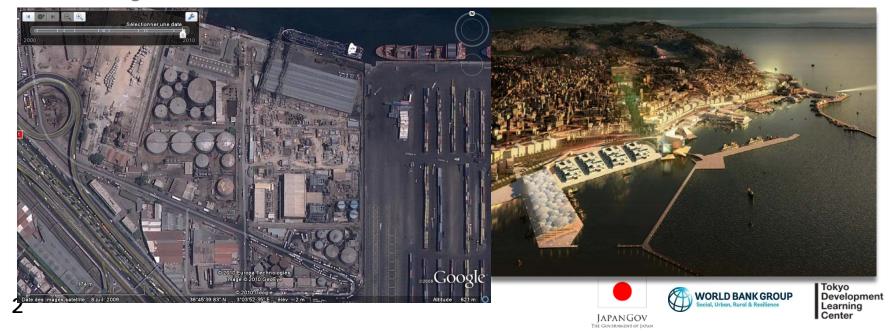




ALGERIA Accomplishments Needed



- 1. reconversion port and building a new one
- 2. urban regeneration of sea front
- 3. acquisition of land for sea front redevelopment
- 4. Mobilizing finance



Algeria Actions to be Taken



Short-term:

- Setting a new "Port redevelopment corporation, by GOVERNMENT
- completing the feasibility studies >, by GOVERNMENT,

Medium-term:

- design and engineering, by Port redevelopment corporation
- <negotiate investors, by Port redevelopment corporation

Long-term:

- implementation and construction, by contractors
- operation of maintenance, by Port redevelopment corporation and contractors







Barrier/Challenge of Implementation of Plan



- 1. lack of experience in port redevelopment
- design of the new redevelopment port should conform with overall Algiers image
- 3. The agreement of land owners









Algeria Support Needed



World Bank:

- assistance for feasibility studies
- transaction advisor

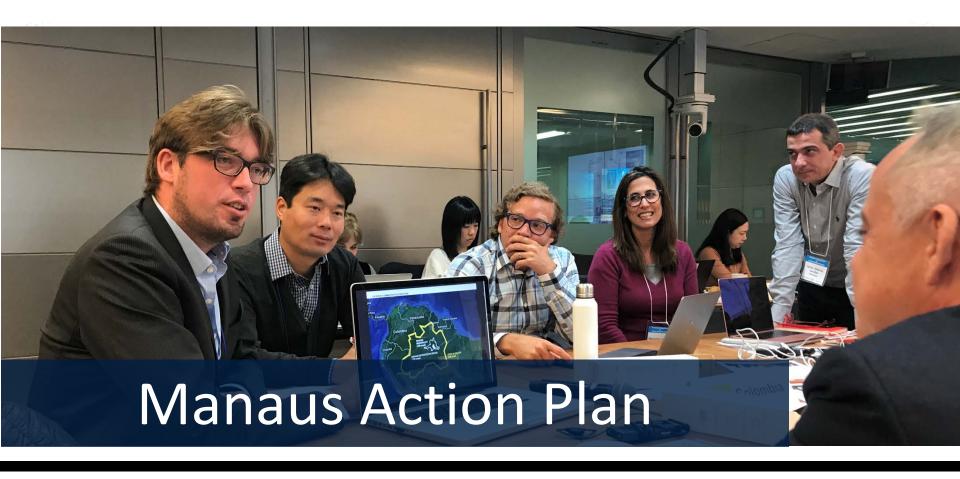
TDLC Program

- Training from Japanese experience
- Technical mission from Tokyo /yokohama to Algiers
- Knowledge Products (Case Studies, Policy Notes, etc.)
 - studies port redeployment









Technical Deep Dive on Urban Regeneration February 13-17, 2018 Tokyo







Manaus Key Takeaways from TDD



- 1. Potential of "urban development project" approach to create new urban fabric
- 2. Importance of mobility as starting point for urban planning
- 3. Potential of PPP and Land Value Capture given city's limited resources
- 4. Approaches when you have a weak market
- 5. Inspiration/vision







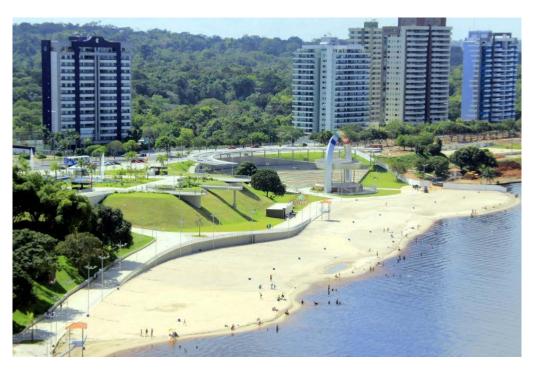


Manaus Accomplishments Needed



- 1. Need to better define our "project"
- 2. Test viability of the vision
- 3. Enabling legislation
- 4. Engage more stakeholders











Manaus Actions to be Taken



Short-term:

- Feasibility studies (Deloitte, geotechnical, hydrological, etc)
- Convene internal discussions
- Urban plans, TORs (internal)
- Legislation review

Medium-term:

- Convene broader stakeholder discussions
- Detailed designs
- Prepare Bank project

Long-term:

- Implement
- Engage the private market



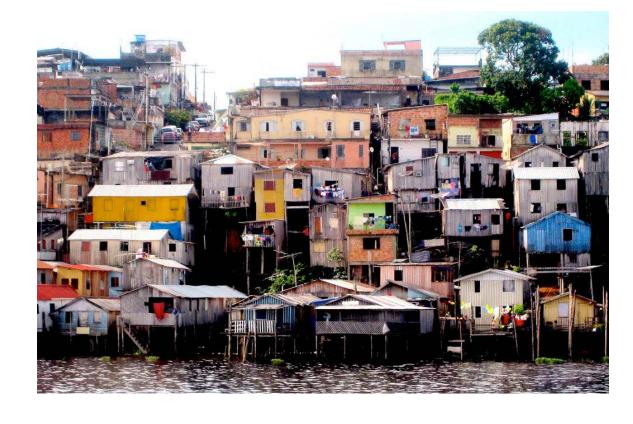




Barrier/Challenge of Implementation of Plan



- 1. Making this a political priority
- 2. Resources
- 3. Getting consensus
- 4. Technical issues
- 5. Regulations







Manaus Support Needed



World Bank:

- Help with TORs
- Support for feasibility studies
- Political support/motivation/momentum

TDLC Program

- Copy of detailed regulation
- Consultation with Alberto in Manaus with technical team
- Advice from Tokyu Corp
- Knowledge Products (Case Studies, Policy Notes, etc.)
 - ?











Barranquilla's City River Action Plan

Technical Deep Dive on Urban Regeneration February 13-17, 2018 Tokyo







Colombia Key Takeaways from TDD



- 1. Nice to see, feel, and touch **Yokohama**. It's easier to execute when you can visualize a similar project.
- 2. Great to get to know potential **advisors** that have proven experience with results.
- 3. Solace to know that others are facing the same **problems** and to feel **support** from other delegations.







Barranquilla - Colombia Accomplishments Needed





- Establish KPIs and reachable goals
- 2. Assemble the correct team to execute program
- 3. Secure the correct advisors
- 4. Establish roadplan
- 5. Execute project







Barranquilla - Colombia Actions to be Taken



• Short-term (2 years):

- Defining the City's Economic Development Strategy (underway)
- Create Master Plan and Financial Proforma
- Finish Boardwalk and road Infrastructure Construction
- City Marketing Strategy
- Commercial Efforts
- Developer Roadshow
- Medium-term (5 years):
- Anchor Developments
- Metropolitan park
- 2nd phase convention Center







Barranquilla - Colombia Actions to be Taken



- Execution of Urban Infrastructure
- Cultural Equipment Construction
- Long-term (10years):
- Review Economic Strategy
- Reinforce Public Transportation System









- 1. Establishing the correct Economic Development Strategy
- 2. Risk of Private land owners not backing the project
- 3. Real estate market trends
- 4. Financing public service infrastructure
- 5. Getting developers interested in project





Barranquilla - Colombia Support Needed



World Bank:

- City's Economic Development Strategy Review
- Market study
- Master Plan Development
- TDLC Program
- Access to Economic Development Learning Opportunities
- Knowledge Products (Case Studies, Policy Notes, etc.)
- Economic Development Coroporation Bench Marks and Information
- River Front Regenaration Case Studies (the good and the bad)







Barranquilla Spirit



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JirZEyJLUyc









Technical Deep Dive on Urban Regeneration February 13-17, 2018 Tokyo





Georgia - Key Takeaways from TDD



- 1. Comprehensive vision a way to success
- 2. Japanese experience in planning and implementation
- 3. Real life examples of transformation
- 4. Getting familiar with the peculiarities and challenges of different cities
- 5. Availability of TDLC resources and support in the process





Georgia - Accomplishments Needed



- 1. Creating vision on city's further development
- 2. Identifying the niche for the city (uniqueness) and challenges
- 3. Developing the strategy including land use plan and investment strategy
- 4. Create the action plan (short, mid and long term activities)













Georgia - Actions to be Taken



• Short-term:

- Comprehensive process for vision identification, by City Hall
- Finalization of the vision document and priorities, by City Hall
- Creation of coordination mechanism to prevent chaotic development, respective units

Medium-term:

- Develop overall strategy for development, by City Hall
- Defining strategy implementation tools (policy, institutional, etc.), by City Hall
- Determining the coordinated action plan for implementation, by City Hall

Long-term:

Action Plan implementation, by respective departments of City Hall







Barrier/Challenge of Implementation of Plan



- 1. Changes in the political environment and the risk of continuity
- 2. Challenge of attracting qualified personnel involve available expertise through TA work of relevant IFIs and experience available worldwide.
- 3. Lack of coordination ensure that coordination mechanism is sound and effective (weekly and thematic meetings, etc.)
- Budgetary constrains working closely with city administration to ensure sufficient funds availability













Georgia - Support Needed



World Bank:

- Provide TA expertise in the process
- Serve as a facilitator of the vision creation process
- Provide support in creating the strategy framework

TDLC Program

Pairing up with Japanese experts to learn from the past experience

Knowledge Products (Case Studies, Policy Notes, etc.)

- Similar workshop to discuss case studies from similar cities/states
- Revision of the drafts and concepts to ensure that the process is heading in the right direction









Technical Deep Dive on Urban Regeneration February 13-17, 2018 Tokyo







Mexico Key Takeaways from TDD



- 1. Federal Governments are key facilitators for urban regeneration projects
- 2. No development can take place without strong leaders at local level
- 3. Multi-stakeholder approach, integrating social, and private actors
- 4. Establish mechanisms to implement long term strategies













Mexico Accomplishments Needed



- 1. Strengthening local capacities
- 2. Design incentives for local public innovation,
- 3. Promote flagship projects (PUEs)
- 4. Guidelines for urban design through participation
- 5. To update 368 urban municipal plans and building codes through the new law









Mexico Actions to be Taken



• Short-term:

- Toolkit for strategic urban zones, by CONAVI
- Local capacity building for new mayors, by SEDATU

Medium-term:

- Flagship analysis results, by CONAVI
- Urban municipal plans, by Local Governments

Long-term:

Transfer capacities to local governments, by Congress







Barrier/Challenge of Implementation of Plan



- 1. Fragmented local capacities & counselling bodies
- 2. Metropolitan governance & institutional design
- Limited consultant pool & guideline for PDUs
- 4. Short term local administrations & officer reelection
- 5. Over specified financing mechanisms & Updating rules of procedure











<Country> Support Needed



World Bank:

- \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$
- Support for Urban Development Plans
- TDLC Program
- Urban Regeneration Workshop for Mayors
- Guidelines for inner urban redevelopment projects (\$\$ + technical)
- Knowledge Products (Case Studies, Policy Notes, etc.)
 - E-learning resources in Spanish
 - Uniqlo + Muji in Mexico















Technical Deep Dive on Urban Regeneration February 13-17, 2018 Tokyo







Karachi Key Takeaways from TDD



- 1. Similar challenges facing all over the place, Karachi is not alone!
- 2. The importance of execution and implementation, timeline with concrete implementation plan is very important!
- 3. Don't be too ambitious start with smaller scale investment, make it a continuous process
- 4. Importance and benefits of public space, conservation of cultural heritage in urban redevelopment project
- 5. Political commitment and leadership is crucial
- 6. Promote vertical growth to create more public/green space, and to support more parking space







Karachi Accomplishments Needed



- 1. In redevelopment area, update and provide adequate infrastructure/service in the area
- 2. Public awareness and consultation for upcoming redevelopment and upgradation of areas
- Coordination at high level with all the relevant stakeholders for redevelopment projects
- Urban redevelopment should give priorities to existing cultural heritage buildings and address informal settlement (Katchi Abadis), especially in the neighborhood of water front







Karachi Actions to be Taken



Short-term:

- Report the findings from TDLC to Ministry of Housing and Development
- Select 10-15 smaller and medium scale redevelopment schemes to focus and start to negotiate with stakeholders in parallel

Medium-term:

- Ensure the implementation of guidelines provided in Strategic Development Plan for Karachi and convene special development board meetings periodically
- Put in place an effective, collaborative consultation process with key stakeholders.

Long-term:

- Redeveloping informal settlement is crucial for urban regeneration in Karachi (about 52% of population live in Katchi Abadis)
- Ensure no redevelopment projects will be interrupted/stopped/slow down because of change in government







Barrier/Challenge of Implementation of Plan



- 1. How to encourage/give incentives to private sector financing and their financing securities (private sector is reluctant to participate in PPP due to sudden changes in policy)
- 2. Interruption on redevelopment projects because of political and policy changes
- 3. Removal of encroachment in redevelopment project areas
- 4. Lack of proper urban public transport system/parking in the redevelopment areas







Karachi Support Needed



World Bank:

 Support urban redevelopment schemes and capacity building under the ongoing project (Karachi Neighborhood Improvement Project, 80\$ mil) and upcoming project (Karachi Urban Mgt Project, 200\$ mil)

TDLC Program

- Share all the presentation materials/documentations and participants information
- Get more advice from professionals/city representatives of Yokohama for Karachi waterfront redevelopment, urban design and landscaping, and regulations

• Knowledge Products (Case Studies, Policy Notes, etc.)

Case studies covered under this workshop.











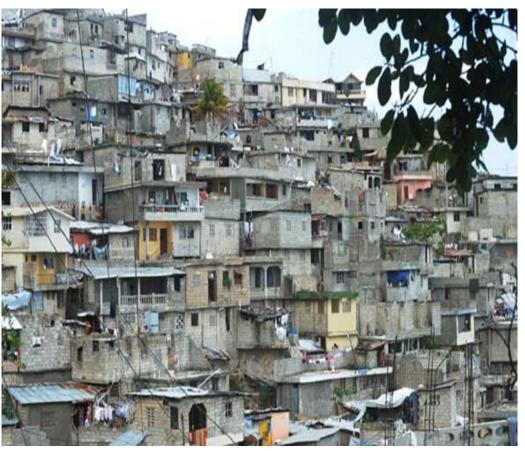




What Karachi looks like today



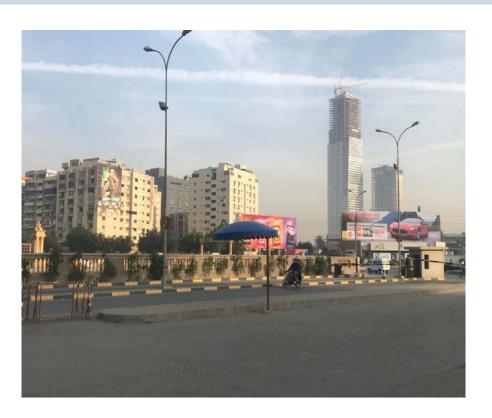


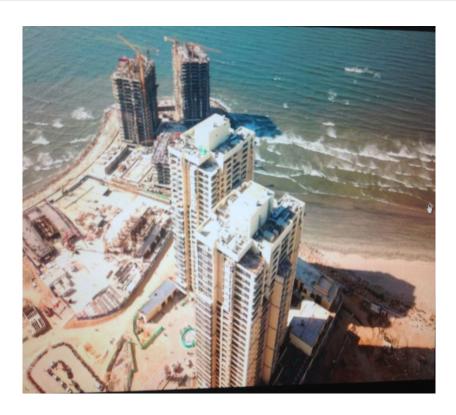






What Karachi looks like





https://youtu.be/yw5A2A3NAal







Brasov Action Plan - the new and the old

Technical Deep Dive on Urban Regeneration February 13-17, 2018 Tokyo





Romania, Brasov Key Takeaways from TDD



- 1. Different relationships/partnerships that exist between public and private sector
- 2. Repurposing public infrastructure (landfills and highways) for public space (Korea)
- 3. Use of land based financing tools to fund public projects
- 4. Land readjustment and replotting to achieve better urban efficiencies
- 5. Using unique city opportunities (Yokohoma urban design v Tokyo densities)
- 6. New interest poles of attraction













Brasov, Romania Accomplishments Needed



Goal 1: Have a General Master Plan for Brasov that harmonizes the old and new, and promotes a high quality of life for residents (holistic and not driven by specific interests)

Goal 2: Buy-in / agreement between private and public sector on growth / urban development goals.

Goal 3: Having an enabling regulatory / legislation environment to implement allow public-private cooperation – in planning and implementation





Brasov, Romania Actions to be Taken



- Short-term (0-1 yr):
 - Draft terms of reference for consultant for new urban plan City, TDLC, WB
 - Better communication city hall and developers
 - Draft terms of reference for research on various forms of municipal PPPs available globally (TDLC, City,WB)





Brasov, Romania Actions to be Taken



- Medium-term (1-4):
 - Adopt Urban Plan by City
 - More targeted capital budgeting for public infrastructure to guide development path city, TDLC assist on research.
 - Clarify legal framework for implementation of PPPs by City, Ministry of Land Development, Ministry of Finance









Brasov, Romania Actions to be Taken



- Long-term (4+):
 - Urban Plan: Implement and monitor results
 - Improve legislation for PPPs Ministry of Land Development with Romanian cities,
 Ministry of Finance







Barrier/Challenge of Implementation of Plan



- "Good" urban plan: <- technical resources for development of urban plan by city hall; acquiring best planning skills – legal/procurement challenges ("know-how") - engaging with WB for technical assistance
- 2. Public-Private Cohesion around plan: changing mentality of the public and private roles in urban development: open dialogue with private sector on current and future projects.
- 3. Joint Implementation by public-private of urban plan: clarify the implementation procedures for PPPs in municipal transactions. Currently: negotiations in current projects









Brasov, Romania Support Needed



World Bank:

- Urban masterplan: consultancy / technical assistance in terms of reference and for preparing of the public tender
- Technical assistance for municipal PPP transaction types

TDLC Program

- Decision tools for structuring public-private municipal transactions
- Japanese advisory for TOR

Knowledge Products (Case Studies, Policy Notes, etc.)

- EU-based case studies and expertise
- Case studies for various transaction types









<Justice District - Bucharest> Action Plan

Technical Deep Dive on Urban Regeneration February 13-17, 2018 Tokyo









Key Takeaways from TDD



- 1. Develop a shared vision of the project within the main stake holders
- 2. Build-up a communication strategy in order to make the people of Bucharest sharing the vision of this great project.
- The importance to have a dedicated team to manage and implement the project







Project Accomplishments Needed



- 1. Straightening institutional communication
- 2. Understanding the legal status of the overall land









Actions to be Taken



Short-term:

- Drawing up the concept of the project
- Development of socio-economic and environmental impact studies;
- Clarifying the legal situation of land
- Preparation of the Zonal Urban Plan

Medium-term:

- Carry out expropriation procedures / acquisition of the land parcels owned by private owners
- Carry out the necessary studies for the implementation of the project
 (Feasibility Studies; Architectural & Engineering Design)

• Long-term:

- Construction implementation







Barriers of Implementation of Plan



- Multiple decision makers on various decision-making levels (coordination mechanisms needed)
- 2. Complex legal situation of land







Support Needed



• World Bank / TDLC Program

Technical consultancy in:

- <u>Urban planning</u> strategic planning, urban regeneration to better define the concept;
- Engineering specific technical expertise for the analysis of existing foundations with a view to finalizing development scenarios;
- Environment studies to carry out environmental impact analysis;
- Architecture for the development of scenarios and design themes.



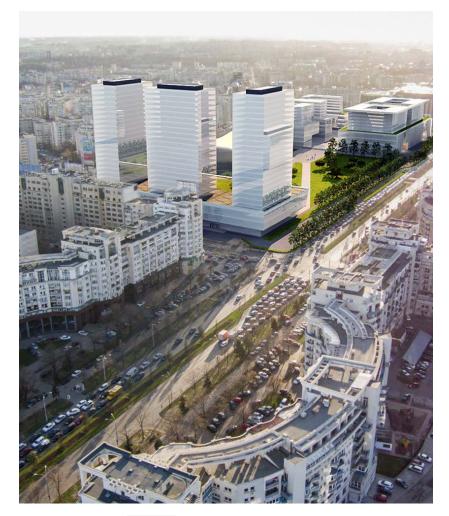








Thank you!









Tokyo Development Learning Center

SRI LANKA - COLOMBO Action Plan

Technical Deep Dive on Urban Regeneration February 13-17, 2018 Tokyo







SRI LANKA-COLOMBO Key Takeaways from TDD



- 1. Public Private Partnerships on Urban Regeneration
- 2. Land Value Capture Methodology
- 3. Best Practices in the City of Yokohama
- 4. Brownfield Redevelopment Scheme





SRI LANKA-COLOMBO Accomplishments Needed



• Development of Housing for the people living in underserved settlements (USS) to make the city an inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable place.





Sri Lanka Actions to be Taken



• Short-term:

- Settlements Survey by Colombo Municipal Council (CMC), Urban Development Authority and Ministry of Megapolis
- Awareness Programs for the Communities
- Coordinate with other service providers such as Water supply, Transport, Electricity, Telecommunication etc.
- Exchange Best Practices with other countries

Medium-term:

- Engage Private Sector to initiate Public Private Partnerships (3Ps) by CMC
- Institutional Development for the management of Underserved Settlements(USS) by CMC,
 NHDA and UDA

Long-term:

Preparation of issue of Municipal Bonds for Housing financing by CMC







Barrier/Challenge of Implementation of Plan



- 1. Lack of Finance
- 2. Unwillingness of the community to Change the used location
- 3. Scarcity of Land to relocate the people
- 4. Lack of knowledge on USS









<Country> Support Needed



World Bank:

- Financial Assistance
- Help on Strategic Development
- TDLC Program
- Special Technical Dive on Low Income Housing
- Detailed exchange with Yokohama or another similar city in Japan on the issue of scarcity of Land
- Knowledge Products (Case Studies, Policy Notes, etc.)
 - Case Studies and Policy Notes on USS
 - Video and Multimedia Products





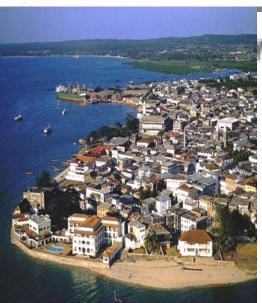
















Tokyo Development Learning Center

ZANZIBAR Action Plan

Technical Deep Dive on Urban Regeneration February 13-17, 2018 Tokyo







Zanzibar Key Takeaways from TDD

5 Take ways

- 1. Tape current dynamism to unlock economic potentials
- 2. Strive to influence political commitment and engagement
- 3. Communicate to buy-in wide stakeholders and Communities
- 4. Start from small to scale
- 5. Develop Awareness and Branding through competition projects



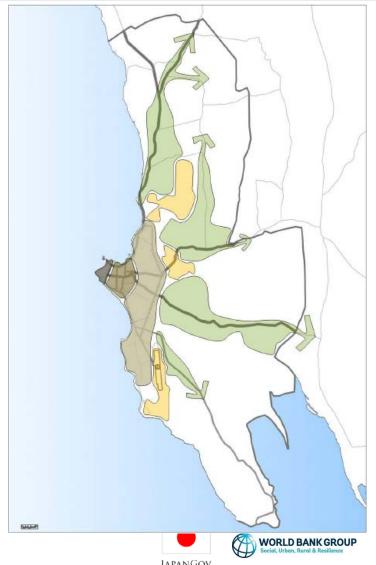




Zanzibar Accomplishments Needed

3 needs

- 1. Strategy for Urban Regeneration
- 2. Profile of Pilot projects for competition
- 3. Assessment for Capacity Needs



Zanzibar Actions to be Taken



- Short-term: (3 months)
 - Conduct: Situation Analysis Taken by TDLC and Japanese Experts
 - Propose: Recommendations and TORs taken by TDLC and Japanese Expert
- Medium-term: (6-months)
 - Develop: Urban Regeneration Strategy Taken ongoing WB project
 - Design: Profile of Competition projects Taken TDLC and Japanese Expert 1.Sea Front (Old Port location)/ 2.TOD (New Bus Terminal / 3.Mixed use Housing/Commercial project)
- Long-term: (12 months onward
 - 5. Implementation: Urban Regeneration Strategy -Zanzibar Government; World Bank, (TDLC) and Japanese Government
 - 6. Launching: Competition Process: Zanzibar Government/

 3 TDLC

6 Actions







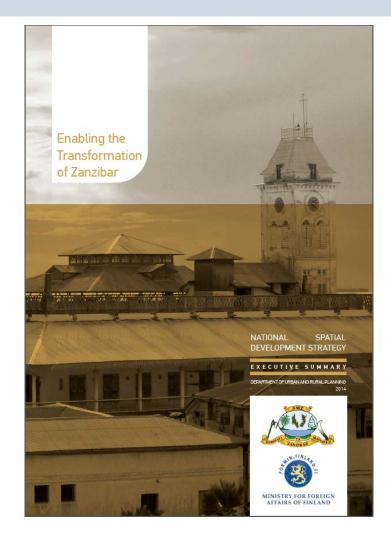


Barrier/Challenge of Implementation of Plan



3 Areas

- Technical capacity (Real estate analysis, Buildings Regulations; Urban design, land Value Captures...)
 WB/TDLC: Japanese Government
- 2. Financing Capacity (Land development, Taxation, Land adjustment...) B/TDLC; Japanese Government/ Experts
- 3. Institutional Advise (Restructuring, Development, Partnership...) WB/TDLC: Japanese Government





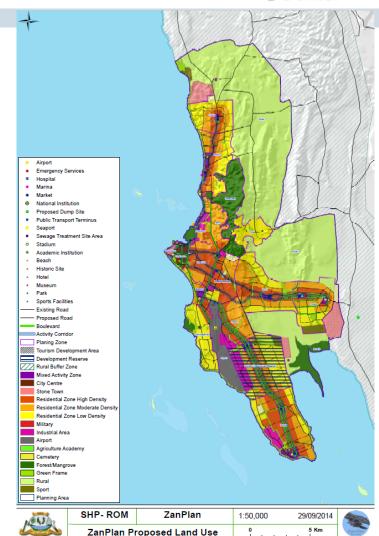




Tokyo Development Learning Center

5 supports

- World Bank:
 - 1. Urban Regeneration Strategy
 - 2. Implementation of the Pilot project
- TDLC Program
 - 3. Situation analysis assessments
 - 4. Recommendations and TOR development
- Knowledge Products (Case Studies, Policy Notes, etc.)
 - 5. Development Strategy (Institutionally; Statutory/ Financially ...) for Land Development and Management in Zanzibar











Technical Deep Dive on Urban Regeneration February 13-17, 2018 Tokyo



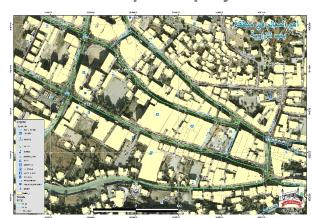


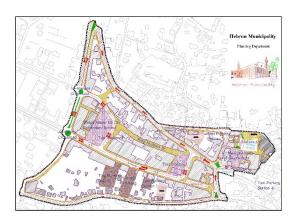


<Palestine> Key Takeaways from TDD



- Prior assessment of the zones/areas to be redevelop is essential master (strategic) planning is key
- 2. Private sector participation is critical
- 3. Optimize use of scarce land
- 4. Leadership and strong commitment to program/project/idea are fundamental to successful implementation
- 5. Ensuring that agreement is binding despite political changes is impt
- 6. Sustainable zoning important for optimizing land use
- 7. Participation and collaboration with stakeholders is very important
- 8. Integrating greenery, pedestrian facilities and open spaces should be impt components of redevelopment projects.











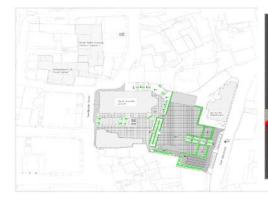


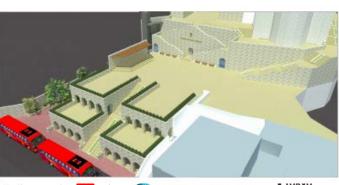
<Palestine> Accomplishments Needed



- 1. Prepare a proposal to have a preliminary concept and cost of the project
 - A) Beit Jala: Redevelopment of surrounding area of St. Nicholas Church.
 - B) Hebron: Regeneration of Bab Azawye city center.
- 2. Prepare a financing plan
- 3. Look for funding sources
- 4. Meetings with the related stakeholders
- 5. Establish a committee between the different public and private stakeholders to follow up and finalize the proposal, implementation and management.
- 6. Finalize the design documents and details.
- 7. Implementation of activities.







<Palestine> Actions to be Taken



• Short-term:

- Preparation of the ToR of the FS municipality.
- Preparation of a feasibility study and financing plan municipality and private consultant.
- Establish a stakeholders committee to arrange the different meetings to solve all technical problems by the municipality.
- Finalize design and tendering documents for implementation by a private consultant contracted by the municipality.

Medium-term:

Look for funding sources - municipality.

Long-term:

- Implementation of the projects activities by a subcontractor.
- Operation of the project by the private sector and supervised by the established committee.







Barrier/Challenge of Implementation of Plan



- 1. Finding the financing sources for the implementation phase.
- 2. Acquisition of land in Hebron case,
- 3. Lack of experience in negotiating with private sector.
- 4. To elaborate a design that is compatible with the context.
- 5. Pedestrianization of the street and finding alternative routes.
- 6. How to attract diaspora investment
- 7. Advocacy for the project.













<Palestine> Support Needed



World Bank:

- Advice on project design and implementation.
- Financing of part of the project.

TDLC Program

- Sharing of PPP for similar projects in japan.
- Sharing of experience with transport management and maximizing land benefit.
- Capacity building of municipal staff of the above subjects.

Knowledge Products (Case Studies, Policy Notes, etc.)

Toolkits and case studies of the relevant projects.





